

San Bernardino Valley College Opening Day

Creating environments that allow us to flourish

rethinking student success & equity

Gregory M Stoup

Sr. Dean of Research & Planning, Contra Costa Community College District Vice President, The RP Group

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Let's begin with an irony

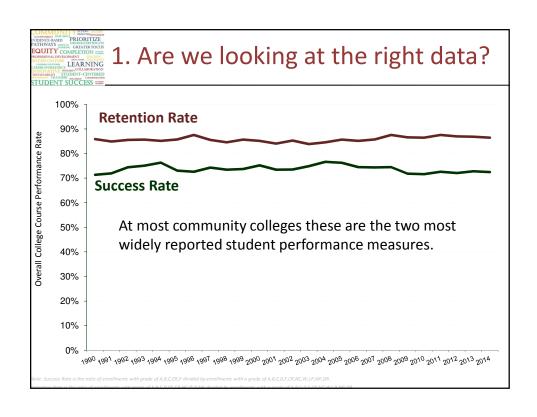
Over the last two decades data on student performance has become increasingly available and yet the pace of change has remained slow.

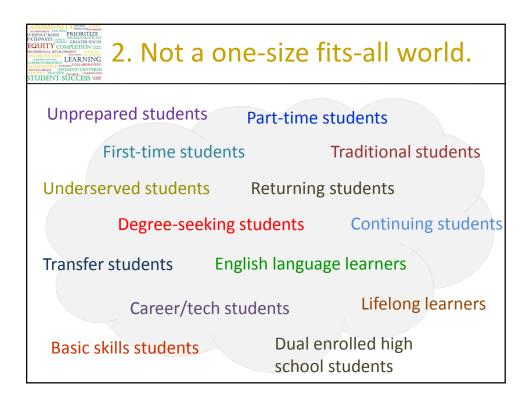


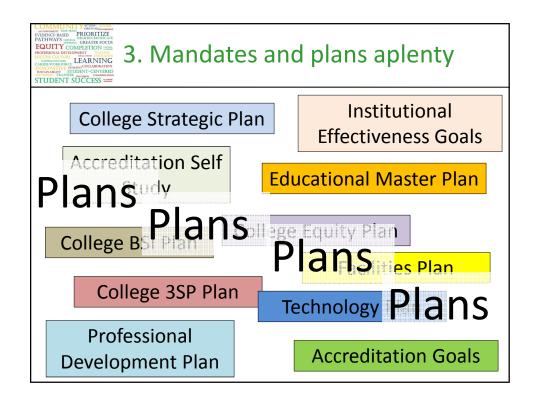


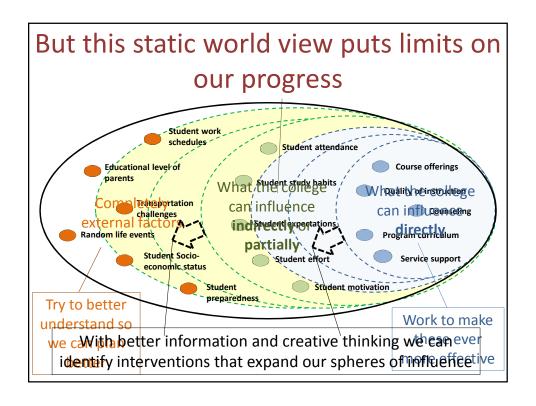
With all this data and evidence why are we still struggling?

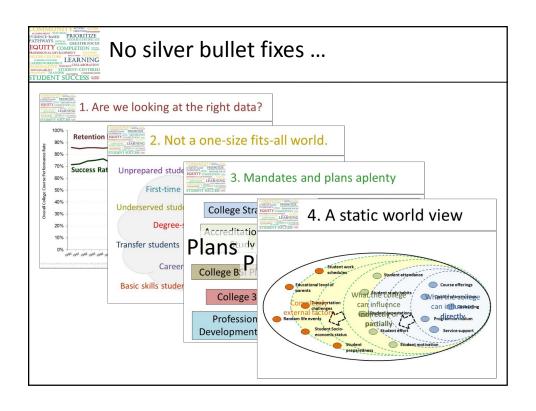
- 1. Focusing on the wrong data
- 2. Using a one-size-fits-all framework
- 3. Too many distractions
- 4. We get stuck in a static world view



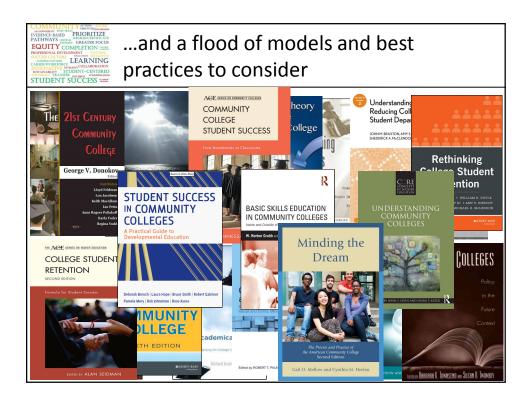












What do they have in common?

What most of these models share is an elevated appreciation of the importance of creating and maintaining the right environment that allows the insights and passions of practitioners to flourish



Creating the right environment

- 1. Take time to frame the problem
 - 2. Check your assumptions
- 3. Build a good team
 - 4. Experiment
- 5. Harness failures
 - 6. Understand the culture

QUITY COMPLETION LEARNING TUDENT SUCCESS

1. Take time to consider the problem



"If I were given one hour to save the planet, I would spend 59 minutes defining the problem and one minute resolving it."

Albert Einstein

TRINGE PROMITIZE We need to look at the problem from COUTTY CONFIDENCE OF THE PROMITIZE OF THE PROBLEM FROM different perspectives



The world looks very different from up here"

"being able to shift your frame of reference is key in enhancing your imagination because doing so can reveal new and richer paths to the same goal."

- Yo-Yo Ma



Ask solution-oriented questions

How we frame a problem often emerges from the types of questions we ask.

What went wrong here? Blame oriented

VS

How might we make this work better? Solution oriented

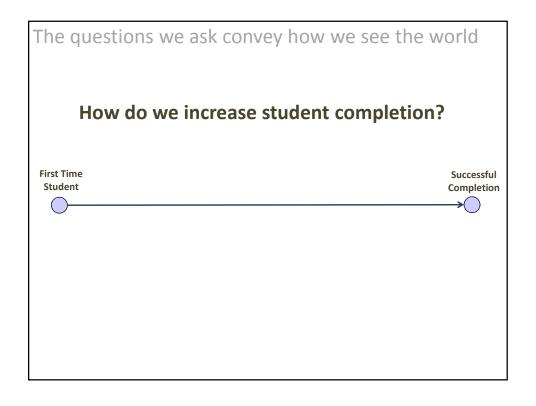
"Organizations gravitate toward the questions they ask"

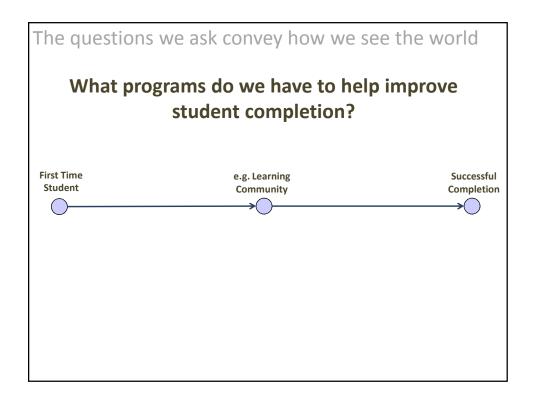
- David Cooperrider founder of *Appreciative Inquiry*

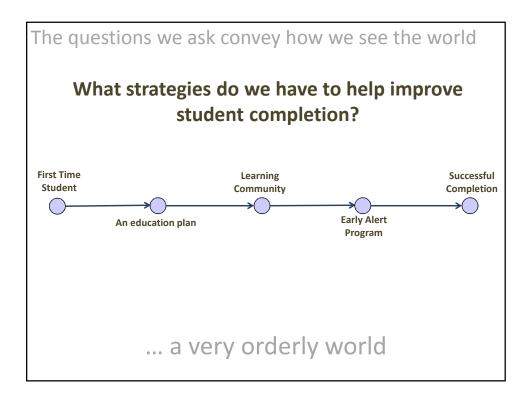
The questions we ask convey how we see the world

What is the college completion rate?



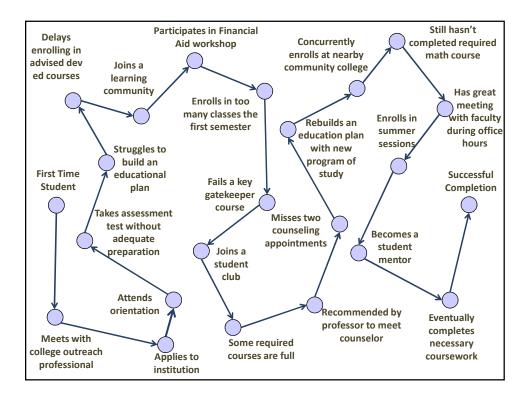






The questions we ask convey how we see the world

What is the student experience?





2. Check your Assumptions

Good ideas often get stuck when teams hold different or competing assumptions about their environment.

Prior to the invention of the metal hull in 1787, imagine the response you'd receive to the question:

Why are ships made of wood?

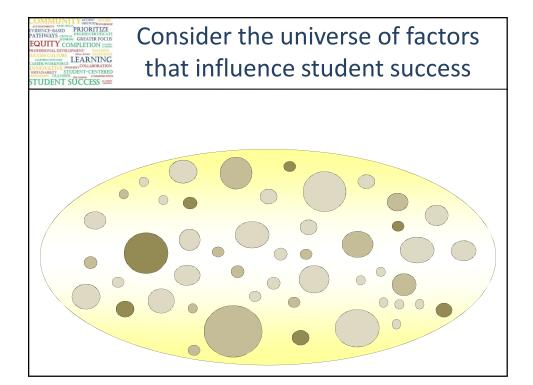


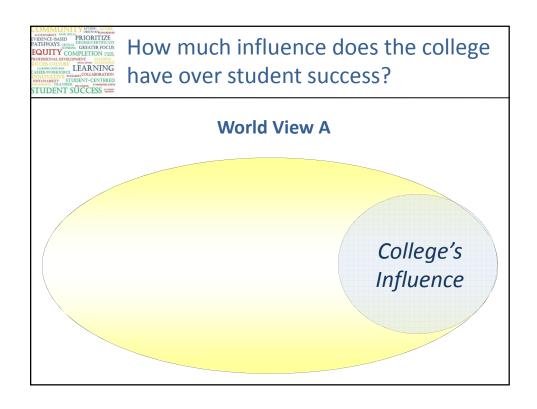
Discuss your assumptions

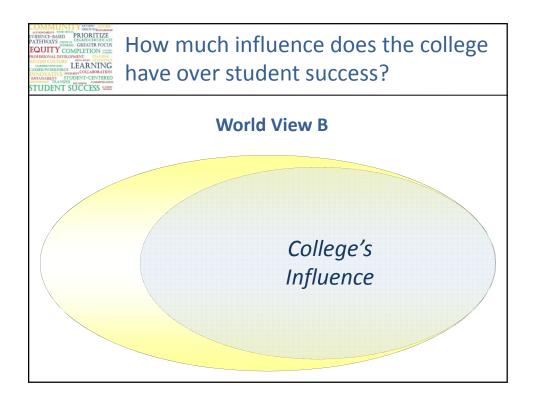


"You never really understand a person or their challenges until you consider things from their point of view."

– Harper LeeTo Kill a Mockingbird





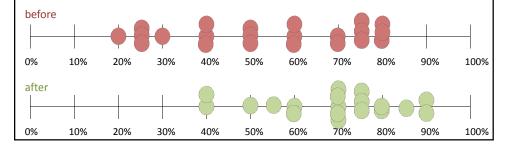




We have many viewpoints

Findings from a 2014 professional development workshop attended by teams from 23 California Community Colleges:

Q: If you had to assign a percentage, how much control do you believe the college has in determining the overall success of its students?

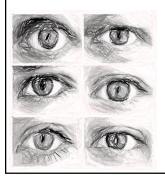




3. Build a good team

"Teams characterized by **high levels of diversity** are the most capable of solving complex problems like the ones we face today"

- Claude M. Steele Author of *Whistling Vivaldi*



"Given enough of the right eyeballs, all bugs are shallow"

Linus TorvaldsThe Linus Law*

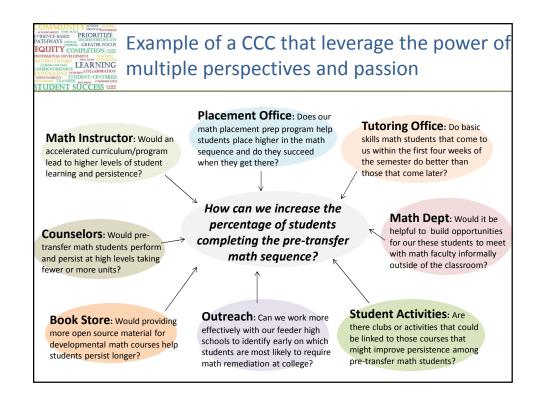
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Find people that know and care



"...we learned early on that when faced with a really tough problem, ... not to seek out your "best people" but to find those that were closest to the problem and willing to bring the most passion to solving it"

> - Sergey Brin Cofounder of *Google*





The dynamics of decision making

Decision making in complex systems is a highly social process, not solely an intellectual exercise.

The process is composed of many small acts, carried out by different people at different points in time.

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Teams drive change

Professional development in higher education is focusing more and more on team development and team approaches to change.



"In tackling hard problems, success occurs when diverse teams of dedicated people bring passion to solving it and have the courage to persist through the inevitable setbacks that will come their way"

- Colin Powell



OMPLETION INCOME. 4. Experiment

Asking why without taking action can yield stimulating conversation, but it is not likely to produce change

Questioning + Action = Innovation

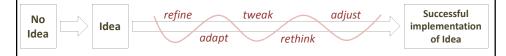
- Action = Philosophy

Source: A More Beautiful Question: The Power of Inquiry to Spark Breakthrough Ideas by warren Berger.



We learn by doing

"The gap between knowing and doing is much larger and more important than the gap between ignorance and knowing"



"When knowledge is acquired by doing it comes with all the nuance and subtle information most critical to success"

> - Jeffrey Pfeffer Stanford University Author of *The Knowing-Doing Gap*

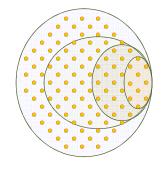


Balance experimentation & intuition

Consider the domain of all possible solutions to a question at hand

What to do when you reach the limits of your research and yet still face multiple choices in how to proceed?

Trust your intuition & choose!

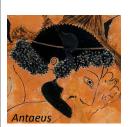


Through experimentation and inquiry we answer the questions that eliminate dead end solutions



5. Harness Failure

"An expert is a person who has made all the mistakes that can be made in a narrow field"



- Niels Bohr Nobel Prize winning Physicist

"There is no royal flower-strewn path to success. My biggest accomplishments required that I wrestle with my failures"

- Madam C.J. Walker America's first female self-made millionaire



Getting past the status quo

Many of us remained quietly, unconsciously tied to the belief or thinking that:

"It's better to fail conventionally than succeed unconventionally"



Failures can drive success

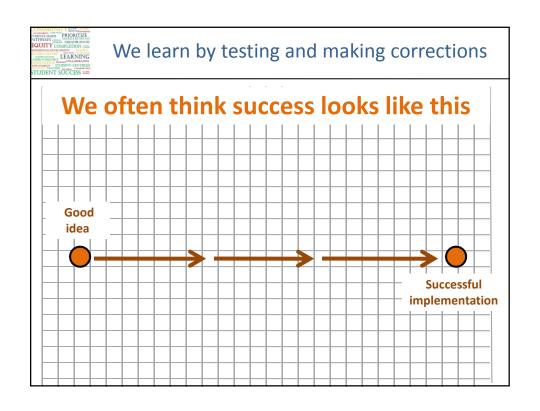
"It took approximately 160 failures and partial successes to produce the earliest version of the modern bicycle."

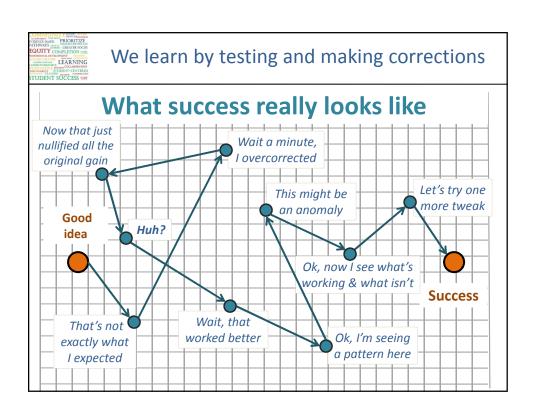
-Tony Hadland & Hans-Erhard Lessing Authors of *Bicycle Design: An Illustrated History*





The most used transportation vehicle in the world





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Attitudes about failure

Findings from a national survey of faculty at 107 community colleges on academic practices

Statement	We agree that we should probably do this	We are actually doing this
We share mistakes with colleagues to help us learn	82%	3%

"If there is no struggle, there is no progress"

Frederick Douglass

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6. The role of culture

"For the institution, the impetus to engage in innovative behavior does not come so much from exceptional individuals but from the features of the local culture"



"... we are more than just sensitive to organizational culture, we are exquisitely sensitive to it"

Malcolm Gladwell
The Tipping Point

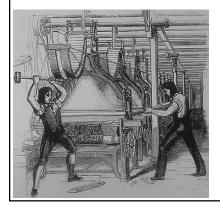


Culture and change

"Culture eats strategy for breakfast"

- John Kotter

Author of *Leading Change*



Even the greatest innovation is met with resistance by any group that feels devalued by it.



Culture can be very local

"Around here we want to make sure our people don't make the same mistake once."

- President of the Saint Louis Federal Reserve

"... we undertake an on-going series of experiments, tests, hypotheses, and pivots—which means that nobody here gets it exactly right the first time or the second or even the third"

President of the Kansas City
 Federal Reserve



Subcultures



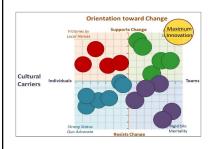
"In every enterprise there are strong and weak subcultures. In strong subcultures, most everybody knows where they want to go.

"In weak subcultures, people just do what they're told. They perform tasks, follow the rules and try not to color outside the lines. There's no mission to be passionate about."



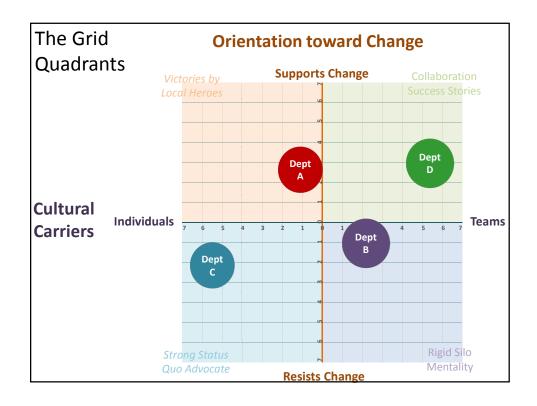
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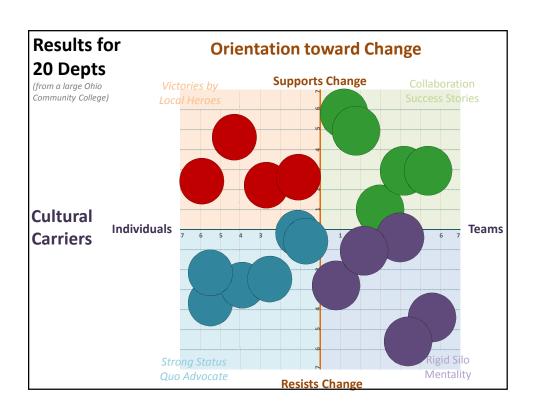
Subcultures in Community Colleges

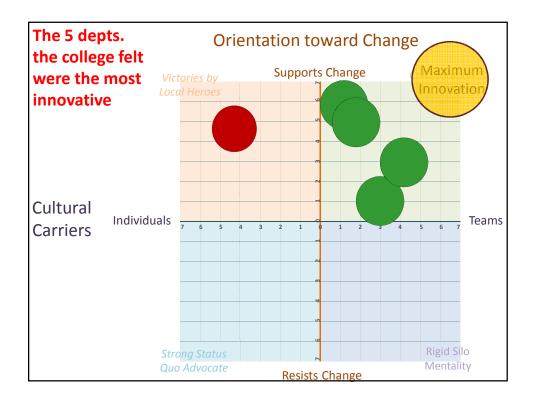


Findings from a research study on institutional culture at an Ohio community college

- Questionnaire sent to twenty college departments
- Assessed department culture along two dimensions
- Responses for each department were scored and plotted





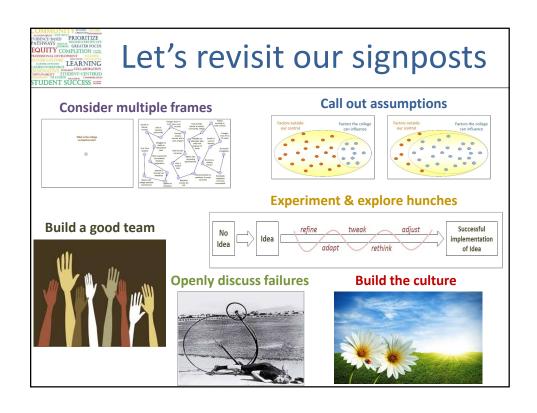


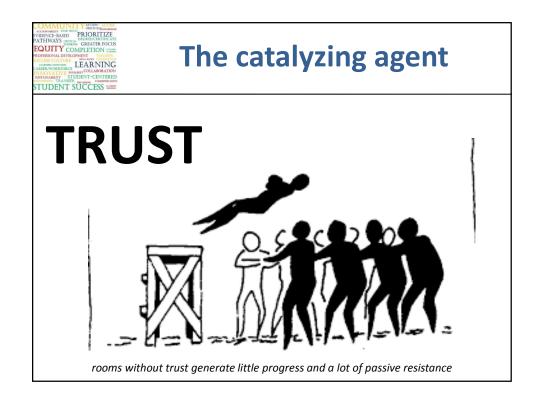


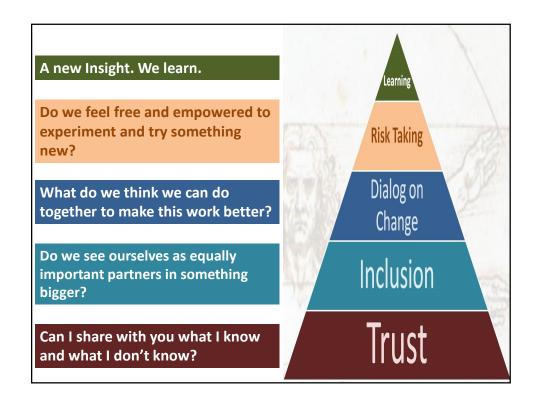
Evolving the culture



Research indicates that over time community college cultures tend to adapt in the direction of the outcomes that are valued by the organization.







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A framing quote ...

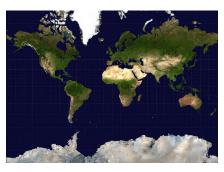
"... our slow progress stems more from weakness of purpose, confusion of vision, underuse of talent, and lack of leadership, than from conditions beyond our control"

A Nation at Risk (1983)



Can we reframe?

I want to propose that we look at student success and equity in a different way ...





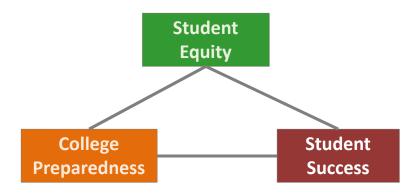
Mercator Projection

Winkel Tripel Projection

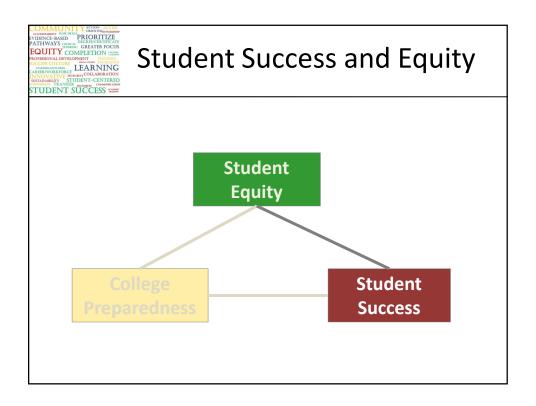


See the world differently

To a large degree, these three challenges are one in the same ...



...that is, there is an interrelationship here that we can exploit whereby we act on one and capture improvements on all three.

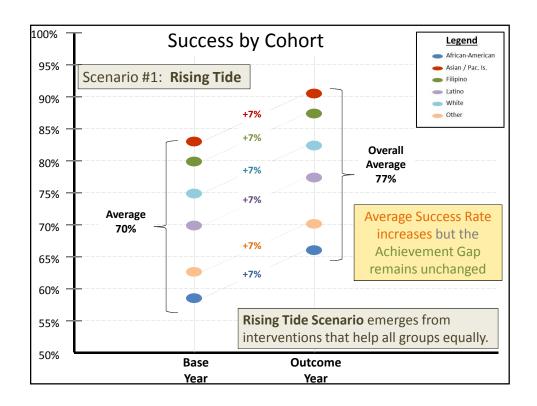


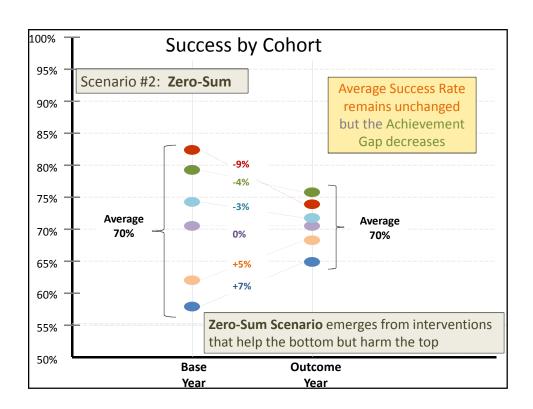
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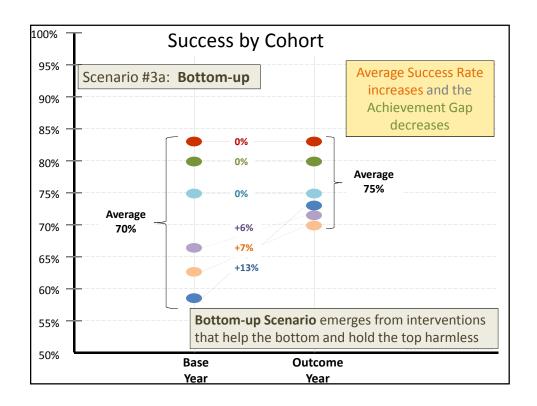
The relationship between student equity and student success

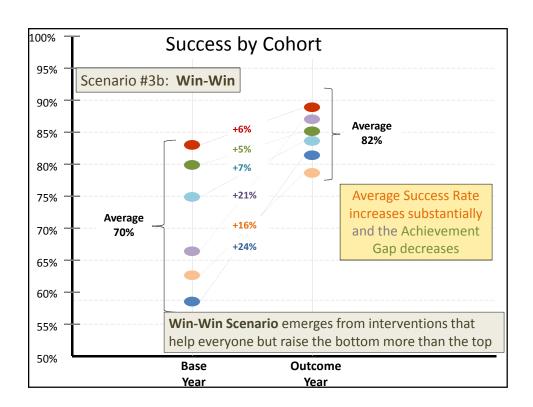
Most colleges have goals for raising overall student success **and** closing the achievement gap

Let's look at the underlying assumptions required for effectiveness in both those areas...





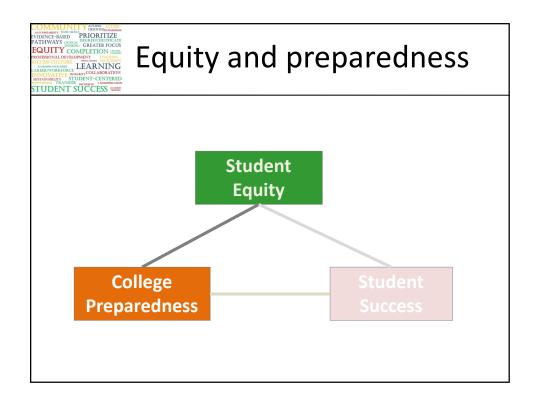


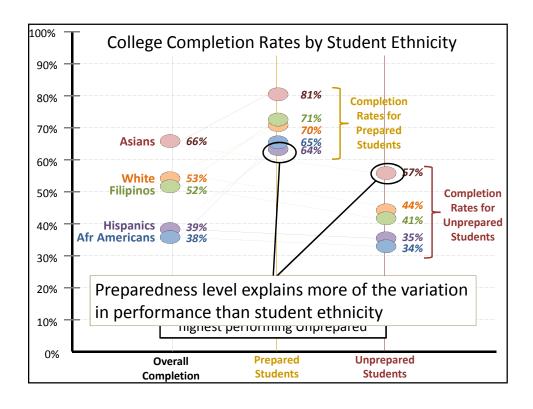




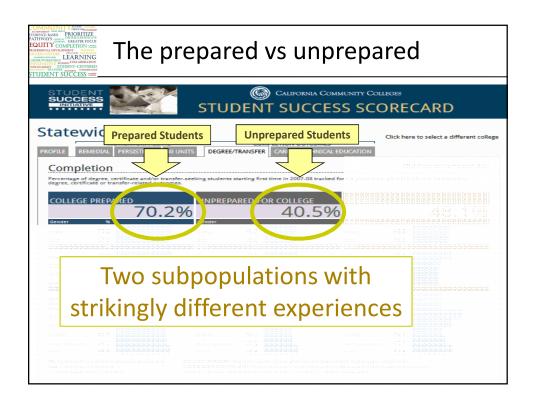
What does this tell us?

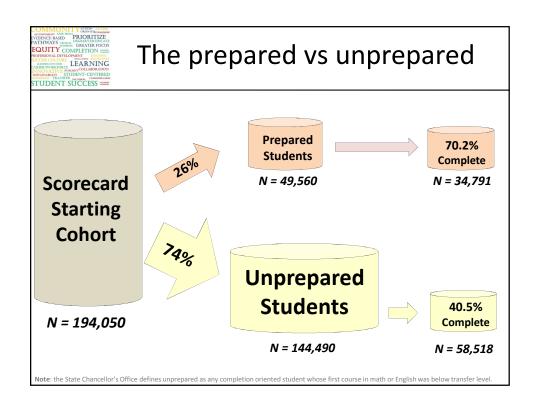
- The Bottom-up and Win-Win scenarios
 are the only strategies that get you both
 higher overall success and close the
 equity gap
- 2. Your college equity strategy could be your best student success strategy.

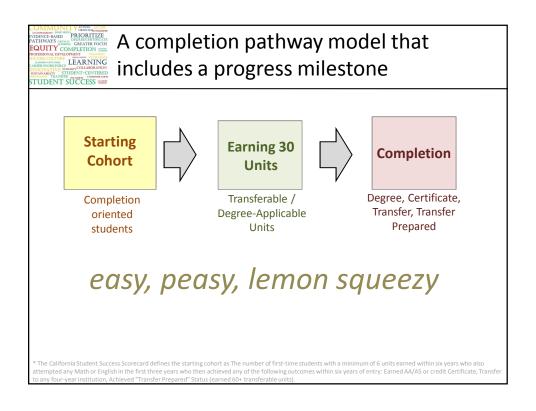


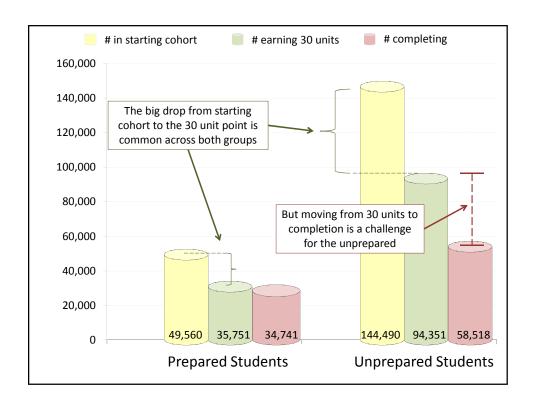


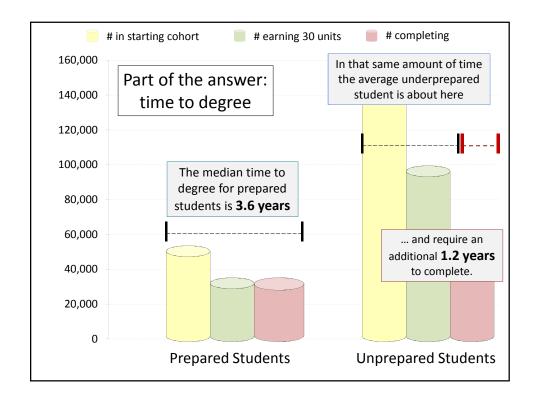
Equity and preparedness Equity and preparedness					
	% of Students <u>Unprepared</u>	s (Completion <u>Rate</u>		
Asian	64%		66%		
White	66%	The more	53%	The lower	
Filipino	74%	students that arrive	52 %	their completion	
Hispanic	85%	unprepared	39%	rate	
Afr-American	87%		38%		

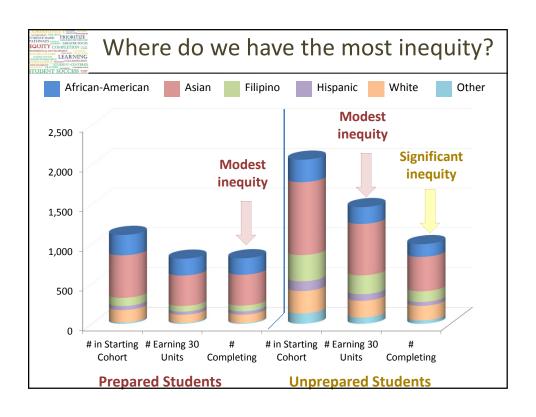


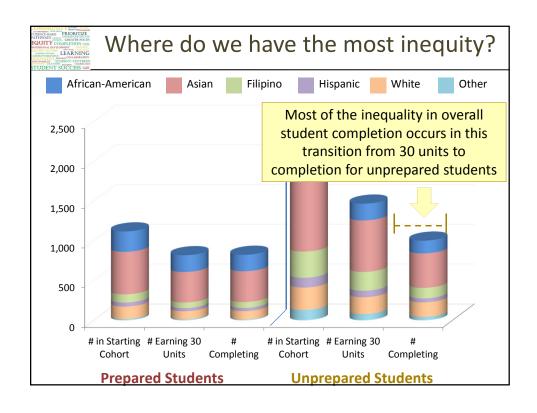


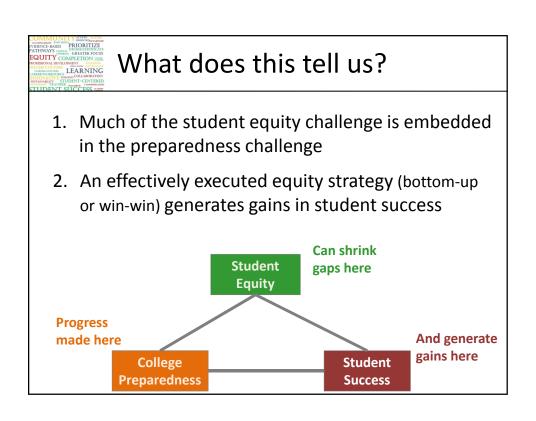














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A parting quote

"Our biggest take away from our work on The Aspen Prize has been that individual community colleges will never get anywhere if they don't rethink old problems and take bold chances"

What Excellent Community Colleges Do Josh Wyner, Aspen Institute



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It has been a pleasure

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Source Material

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